20 11 15

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:16:38 ON 04 MAR 2004
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=> file biosis medline caplus wpis uspatfull
'WPIS' IS NOT A VALID FILE NAME
Enter "HELP FILE NAMES" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of files
that are available. If you have requested multiple files, you can
specify a corrected file name or you can enter "IGNORE" to continue
accessing the remaining file names entered.
ENTER A FILE NAME OR (IGNORE):wpids
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
SINCE FILE

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 3.15 3.15

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 10:25:19 ON 04 MAR 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.(R)

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:25:19 ON 04 MAR 2004

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:25:19 ON 04 MAR 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 10:25:19 ON 04 MAR 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 THOMSON DERWENT

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:25:19 ON 04 MAR 2004
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

*** YOU HAVE NEW MAIL ***

=> s immobili? (10a) nucleic acid?

3 FILES SEARCHED...

L1 9889 IMMOBILI? (10A) NUCLEIC ACID?

=> s l1 and amino? (5a) (oligo? or probe?)

4 FILES SEARCHED...

2 1873 L1 AND AMINO? (5A) (OLIGO? OR PROBE?)

=> s 12 and (isocyanate or isothiocyanate or epoxide or aldehyde or halo?)
L3 1250 L2 AND (ISOCYANATE OR ISOTHIOCYANATE OR EPOXIDE OR ALDEHYDE OR HALO?)

=> s 13 and enzymatic synthesis

L4 55 L3 AND ENZYMATIC SYNTHESIS

=> s 14 and cleav? (5a) amino

L5 6 L4 AND CLEAV? (5A) AMINO

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IN

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5

L6 6 DUP REM L5 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 16 bib abs 1-6

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 6 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:237907 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer

King, Gordon E., Shoreline, WA, UNITED STATES

Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES

```
Secrist, Heather, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
       Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES
       Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)
PΑ
ΡI
       US 2003166064
                          A1
                                20030904
       US 2002-99926 A1 20020314 (10)
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-33528, filed on 26 Dec 2001,
AΙ
RLT
       PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-920300, filed on 31 Jul
       2001, PENDING
                            20010629 (60)
PRAI
       US 2001-302051P
                            20010328 (60)
       US 2001-279763P
       US 2000-223283P
                            20000803 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,
LREP
       SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 17
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 8531
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer,
       particularly colon cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions
       comprise one or more colon tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions
       thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen
       presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are
       specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed
       compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention
       and/or treatment of diseases, particularly colon cancer.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     ANSWER 2 OF 6 USPATFULL on STN
L6
       2003:219631 USPATFULL
AN
       Full-length human cDNAs encoding potentially secreted proteins
TI
IN
       Dumas Milne Edwards, Jean-Baptiste, Paris, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND
       Jobert, Severin, Paris, FRANCE
PΤ
       US 2003152921
                          Α1
                                20030814
ΑI
       US 2001-876997
                                20010608 (9)
                          A1
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-731872, filed on 7 Dec 2000,
RLI
       PENDING
                           19991208 (60)
PRAI
       US 1999-169629P
       US 2000-187470P
                           20000306 (60)
DТ
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       Frank C. Eisenschenk, Ph.D., SALIWANCHIK, LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, 2421 N.W.
LREP
       41 STREET, SUITE A-1, GAINESVILLE, FL, 32606-6669
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 22
       Exemplary Claim: 1 5 Drawing Page(s)
ECL
DRWN
LN.CNT 27600
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The invention concerns GENSET polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such
ΆB
       GENSET products may be used as reagents in forensic analyses, as
       chromosome markers, as tissue/cell/organelle-specific markers, in the
       production of expression vectors. In addition, they may be used in
       screening and diagnosis assays for abnormal GENSET expression and/or
       biological activity and for screening compounds that may be used in the
       treatment of GENSET-related disorders.
```

```
ANSWER 3 OF 6 USPATFULL on STN
AN
        2003:106233 USPATFULL
 TI
        Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of pancreatic
        cancer
 TN
        Benson, Darin R., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
        Kalos, Michael D., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
        Lodes, Michael J., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
        Persing, David H., Redmond, WA, UNITED STATES
        Hepler, William T., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES
Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)
PΑ
        US 2003073144
PΤ
                            A1
                                  20030417
ΑI
        US 2002-60036
                            Α1
                                  20020130 (10)
PRAI
        US 2001-333626P
                             20011127 (60)
        US 2001-305484P
                             20010712 (60)
        US 2001-265305P
                             20010130 (60)
        US 2001-267568P
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        US 2001-313999P
                             20010820 (60)
        US 2001-291631P
                             20010516 (60)
        US 2001-287112P
                             20010428 (60)
        US 2001-278651P
                             20010321 (60)
        US 2001-265682P
                             20010131 (60)
DT
        Utility
FS
        APPLICATION
        SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,
LREP
        SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
CLMN
        Number of Claims: 17
ECL
        Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
        No Drawings
LN.CNT 14253
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
        Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer,
       particularly pancreatic cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions
        comprise one or more pancreatic tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions
        thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen
        presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are
        specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed
       compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention
       and/or treatment of diseases, particularly pancreatic cancer.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L6
     ANSWER 4 OF 6 USPATFULL on STN
       2002:272801 USPATFULL
ΑN
ΤI
       Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer
IN
       Stolk, John A., Bothell, WA, UNITED STATES
       Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES
       Chenault, Ruth A., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
       Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)
PΑ
PΙ
       US 2002150922
                                 20021017
                           Α1
ΑI
       US 2001-998598
                                 20011116 (9)
                            Α1
PRAI
       US 2001-304037P
                             20010710 (60)
       US 2001-279670P
                             20010328 (60)
       US 2001-267011P
                             20010206 (60)
       US 2000-252222P
                             20001120 (60)
DТ
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,
LREP
       SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 17
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
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LN.CNT 9233

No Drawings

DRWN

```
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
        Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer,
        particularly colon cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more colon tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions
        thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen
        presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are
        specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed
        compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention
        and/or treatment of diseases, particularly colon cancer.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
      ANSWER 5 OF 6 USPATFULL on STN
L6
AN
       2002:243051 USPATFULL
        Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of ovarian cancer
ΤI
TN
       Algate, Paul A., Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES
       Jones, Robert, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
       Harlocker, Susan L., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
PΑ
       Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 2002132237
                                 20020919
                          A1
ΑI
       US 2001-867701
                           A1
                                 20010529 (9)
       US 2000-207484P
PRAI
                            20000526 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,
LREP
       SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 11
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 25718
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer,
       particularly ovarian cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions
       comprise one or more ovarian tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions
       thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen
       presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are
       specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed
       compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention
       and/or treatment of diseases, particularly ovarian cancer.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L6
     ANSWER 6 OF 6 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2002:191539 USPATFULL
TI
       Full-length human cDNAs encoding potentially secreted proteins
IN
       Milne Edwards, Jean-Baptiste Dumas, Paris, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND
       Jobert, Severin, Paris, FRANCE
ΡI
       US 2002102604
                          A1
                                20020801
AΙ
       US 2000-731872
                                20001207 (9)
                           Α1
       US 1999-169629P
PRAI
                           19991208 (60)
       US 2000-187470P
                            20000306 (60)
DТ
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., Genset Corporation, 10665 Srrento Valley Road,
       San Diego, CA, 92121-1609
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 29
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       5 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 28061
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CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The invention concerns GENSET polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such
       GENSET products may be used as reagents in forensic analyses, as
       chromosome markers, as tissue/cell/organelle-specific markers, in the
       production of expression vectors. In addition, they may be used in
       screening and diagnosis assays for abnormal GENSET expression and/or
       biological activity and for screening compounds that may be used in the
       treatment of GENSET-related disorders.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:16:38 ON 04 MAR 2004)
     FILE 'BIOSIS, MEDLINE, CAPLUS, WPIDS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:25:19 ON
     04 MAR 2004
L1
           9889 S IMMOBILI? (10A) NUCLEIC ACID?
           1873 S L1 AND AMINO? (5A) (OLIGO? OR PROBE?)
L_2
           1250 S L2 AND (ISOCYANATE OR ISOTHIOCYANATE OR EPOXIDE OR ALDEHYDE
L3
             55 S L3 AND ENZYMATIC SYNTHESIS
L5
              6 S L4 AND CLEAV? (5A) AMINO
L6
              6 DUP REM L5 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> s 13 and immobil?/ti
            40 L3 AND IMMOBIL?/TI
=> s 17 not 16
            40 L7 NOT L6
L8
=> s 18 and enzymatic synthesis
             0 L8 AND ENZYMATIC SYNTHESIS
Ь9
=> s 13 and (isocyanate or isothiocyanate or epoxide or aldehyde or halo?)(6a)
surface?
  4 FILES SEARCHED...
            59 L3 AND (ISOCYANATE OR ISOTHIOCYANATE OR EPOXIDE OR ALDEHYDE OR
               HALO?) (6A) SURFACE?
=> s 110 and enzymatic synthesis
             1 L10 AND ENZYMATIC SYNTHESIS
=> d l11 bib abs
L11 ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN
       2004:27165 USPATFULL
AN
       Triphosphate oligonucleotide modification reagents and uses thereof
TΤ
       Schwartz, David A., Encinitas, CA, United States
ΤN
       Hogrefe, Richard I., San Diego, CA, United States
Solulink Bioscience, Inc., San Diego, CA, United States (U.S.
PΑ
       corporation)
PΙ
       US 6686461
                          В1
                                20040203
       US 2000-630627
ΑI
                                20000801 (9)
       US 2000-191186P
                          20000322 (60)
PRAI
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
      Primary Examiner: Wilson, James O.; Assistant Examiner: Lewis, Patrick
EXNAM
LREP
       Heller, Ehrman, White & McAuliffe LLP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 9
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       9 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
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09567863

LN.CNT 2722

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Hydrazino, oxyamino and carbonyl-based monomers and methods for incorporation into oligonucleotides during enzymatic synthesis are provided. Modified oligonucleotides are provided that incorporate the monomers provided herein. Immobilized oligonucleotides and oligonucleotide conjugates that contain covalent hydrazone or oxime linkages are provided. Methods for preparation of surface bound oligonucleotides are provided. Methods for the preparation of oligonucleotide conjugates are also provided.

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=> s 13 and (isocyanate or isothiocyanate or epoxide or aldehyde or halo?) (15a)
 surface?
    4 FILES SEARCHED...
             82 L3 AND (ISOCYANATE OR ISOTHIOCYANATE OR EPOXIDE OR ALDEHYDE OR
                HALO?) (15A) SURFACE?
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              5 L12 AND ENZYMATIC SYNTHESIS
 => s l13 not l11
L14
              4 L13 NOT L11
=> dup rem 114
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=> d l15 bib abs 1-4
     ANSWER 1 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2003:237907 USPATFULL
TТ
       Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer
TN
       King, Gordon E., Shoreline, WA, UNITED STATES
       Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
       Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES
       Secrist, Heather, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
       Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES
PΑ
       Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 2003166064
                          Α1
                                20030904
ΑI
       US 2002-99926
                                20020314 (10)
                          Α1
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-33528, filed on 26 Dec 2001,
RLI
       PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-920300, filed on 31 Jul
       2001, PENDING
PRAI
       US 2001-302051P
                           20010629 (60)
       US 2001-279763P
                           20010328 (60)
       US 2000-223283P
                           20000803 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,
LREP
       SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 17
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 8531
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer,
       particularly colon cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions
       comprise one or more colon tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions
       thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen
       presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are
       specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed
       compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention
       and/or treatment of diseases, particularly colon cancer.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L15
     ANSWER 2 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN
ΑN
       2003:106233 USPATFULL
TI
       Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of pancreatic
       cancer
IN
       Benson, Darin R., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
       Kalos, Michael D., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
```

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Lodes, Michael J., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
        Persing, David H., Redmond, WA, UNITED STATES
        Hepler, William T., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
        Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES
 PΑ
        Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)
PΙ
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                                  20030417
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                                  20020130 (10)
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        US 2001-333626P
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        US 2001-265305P
                             20010130 (60)
        US 2001-267568P
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        US 2001-313999P
                             20010820 (60)
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        US 2001-287112P
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        US 2001-278651P
                             20010321 (60)
        US 2001-265682P
                             20010131 (60)
DT
        Utility
FS
        APPLICATION
        SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,
LREP
        SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
        Number of Claims: 17
CLMN
ECL
        Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
        No Drawings
LN.CNT 14253
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
        Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer,
        particularly pancreatic cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions
        comprise one or more pancreatic tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions
        thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen
        presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed
        compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention
        and/or treatment of diseases, particularly pancreatic cancer.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     ANSWER 3 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN
L15
        2002:272801 USPATFULL
AN
TI
        Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer
TN
        Stolk, John A., Bothell, WA, UNITED STATES
       Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES
        Chenault, Ruth A., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
       Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)
PΑ
ΡI
       US 2002150922
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AΙ
       US 2001-998598
                            Α1
                                 20011116 (9)
PRAI
       US 2001-304037P
                             20010710 (60)
       US 2001-279670P
                             20010328 (60)
       US 2001-267011P
                             20010206 (60)
       US 2000-252222P
                             20001120 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,
       SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 17
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 9233
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AΒ
       Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer,
       particularly colon cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions
       comprise one or more colon tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions
```

09567863

thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly colon cancer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L15 ANSWER 4 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:243051 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of ovarian cancer

IN Algate, Paul A., Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES
Jones, Robert, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Harlocker, Susan L., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002132237 A1 20020919

AI US 2001-867701 A1 20010529 (9)

PRAI US 2000-207484P 20000526 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 11

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 25718

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly ovarian cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more ovarian tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly ovarian cancer.

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L16
             77 L12 NOT L13
=> dup rem 116
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L16
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     FILE 'BIOSIS, MEDLINE, CAPLUS, WPIDS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:25:19 ON
     04 MAR 2004
T<sub>1</sub>1
            9889 S IMMOBILI? (10A) NUCLEIC ACID?
L_2
            1873 S L1 AND AMINO? (5A) (OLIGO? OR PROBE?)
L_3
            1250 S L2 AND (ISOCYANATE OR ISOTHIOCYANATE OR EPOXIDE OR ALDEHYDE
L4
              55 S L3 AND ENZYMATIC SYNTHESIS
L_{5}
               6 S L4 AND CLEAV? (5A) AMINO
               6 DUP REM L5 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L6
              40 S L3 AND IMMOBIL?/TI
L7
L_8
              40 S L7 NOT L6
Ь9
              0 S L8 AND ENZYMATIC SYNTHESIS
L10
              59 S L3 AND (ISOCYANATE OR ISOTHIOCYANATE OR EPOXIDE OR ALDEHYDE
L11
              1 S L10 AND ENZYMATIC SYNTHESIS
             82 S L3 AND (ISOCYANATE OR ISOTHIOCYANATE OR EPOXIDE OR ALDEHYDE
L12
L13
              5 S L12 AND ENZYMATIC SYNTHESIS
L14
              4 S L13 NOT L11
L15
              4 DUP REM L14 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L16
              77 S L12 NOT L13
L17
             77 DUP REM L16 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> s 117 and solid phase
            55 L17 AND SOLID PHASE
=> s l18 and nucleic acid?/ti
            14 L18 AND NUCLEIC ACID?/TI
=> d l19 bib abs 1-14
     ANSWER 1 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN
T.19
AN
       2003:271029 USPATFULL
TI
       Method for enhancing the hybridization efficiency of target
       nucleic acids using a self-addressable,
       self-assembling microelectronic device
       Sosnowski, Ronald G., Coronado, CA, UNITED STATES
IN
       Butler, William F., Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
       Tu, Eugene, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
       Nerenberg, Michael I., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
       Heller, Michael J., Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES
Edman, Carl F., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
       Nanogen, Inc., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES, 92121 (U.S. corporation)
PA
PТ
       US 2003190632
                         A1
                              20031009
AΙ
       US 2002-170172
                          A1
                                20020611 (10)
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-444539, filed on 22 Nov 1999, GRANTED,
RLI
       Pat. No. US 6518022 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1997-986065, filed on 5
       Dec 1997, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6051380 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No.
       US 1995-534454, filed on 27 Sep 1995, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5849486
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-304657, filed on 9 Sep 1994,
       GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5632957 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1997-859644,
       filed on 20 May 1997, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
```

1994-271882, filed on 7 Jul 1994, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6017696 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-146504, filed on 1 Nov 1993, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5605662 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-725976, filed on 4 Oct 1996, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5929208 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-708262, filed on 6 Sep 1996, ABANDONED

DT Utility FS APPLICATION

LYON & LYON LLP, 633 WEST FIFTH STREET, SUITE 4700, LOS ANGELES, CA, LREP

CLMN Number of Claims: 12 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 26 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4355

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A self-addressable, self-assembling microelectronic device is designed and fabricated to actively carry out and control multi-step and multiplex molecular biological reactions in microscopic formats. These reactions include nucleic acid hybridizations, antibody/antigen reactions, diagnostics, and biopolymer synthesis. The device can be fabricated using both microlithographic and micro-machining techniques. The device can electronically control the transport and attachment of specific binding entities to specific microlocations. The specific binding entities include molecular biological molecules such as nucleic acids and polypeptides. The device can subsequently control the transport and reaction of analytes or reactants at the addressed specific microlocations. The device is able to concentrate analytes and reactants, remove non-specifically bound molecules, provide stringency control for DNA hybridization reactions, and improve the detection of analytes. The device can be electronically replicated.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN

AN2003:265241 USPATFULL

Method for carrying out the parallel sequencing of a nucleic ΤI acid mixture on a surface

INFischer, Achim, Heidelberg, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF

A1 PΙ US 2003186256 20031002

US 2002-168557 ΑТ 20020821 (10) A1

WO 2000-EP13157 20001222

PRAI DE 1999-19962893 19991223

DE 2000-10051564 20001018

DTUtility

FS APPLICATION

LREP BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH, PO BOX 747, FALLS CHURCH, VA, 22040-0747

Number of Claims: 19 CLMN ECLExemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 12 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1236

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention relates to a method for sequencing in parallel at least ABtwo different nucleic acids present in a nucleic acid mixture, characterized in that

- (a) a surface is provided, which surface possesses islands of nucleic acids of in each case the same type, i.e. tertiary nucleic acids;
- (b) counterstrands of the tertiary nucleic acids, i.e. TNCs, are provided;
- (c) the TNCs are extended by one nucleotide, with

the nucleotide at the 2'-OH position or at the 3'-OH position carrying a protecting group which prevents further extension,

the nucleotide carrying a molecular group which enables the nucleotide to be identified;

- (d) the incorporated nucleotide is identified;
- (e) the protecting group is removed and the molecular group of the incorporated nucleotide, which is used for identification, is removed or altered, and
- (f) step (c) and subsequent steps are repeated until the desired sequence information has been obtained.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

```
ANSWER 3 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN
L19
```

AN

2003:250964 USPATFULL Detection of nucleic acid sequence differences using TIthe ligase detection reaction with addressable arrays

IN Barany, Francis, New York, NY, UNITED STATES Gerry, Norman P., New York, NY, UNITED STATES Witowski, Nancy E., Edina, MN, UNITED STATES
Day, Joseph, Foster City, CA, UNITED STATES
Hammer, Robert P., Baton Rouge, LA, UNITED STATES
Barany, George, Falcon Heights, MN, UNITED STATES

ΡI US 2003175750 A1 20030918

AΤ US 2002-272152 Α1 20021015 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2000-526992, filed on 16 Mar 2000, GRANTED, Pat.

No. US 6506594

US 1999-125357P PRAI 19990319 (60)

DТ Utility

FS APPLICATION

Michael L. Goldman, NIXON PEABODY LLP, Clinton Square, P.O. Box 31051, LREP Rochester, NY, 14603-1051

CLMN Number of Claims: 153

Exemplary Claim: 1 ECL

DRWN 46 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5589

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention describes a method for identifying one or more of ΆR a plurality of sequences differing by one or more single base changes, insertions, deletions, or translocations in a plurality of target nucleotide sequences. The ligation phase utilizes a ligation detection reaction between one oligonucleotide probe, which has a target sequence-specific portion and an addressable array-specific portion, and a second oligonucleotide probe, having a target sequence-specific portion and a detectable label. After the ligation phase, the capture phase is carried out by hybridizing the ligated oligonucleotide probes to a solid support with an array of immobilized capture oligonucleotides at least some of which are complementary to the addressable array-specific portion. Following completion of the capture phase, a detection phase is carried out to detect the labels of ligated oligonucleotide probes hybridized to the solid support. The ligation phase can be preceded by an amplification process. The present invention also relates to a kit for practicing this method, a method of forming arrays on solid supports, and the supports themselves.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN

```
AN
        2003:231985 USPATFULL
 TI
        Products comprising a support to which nucleic acids
        are fixed and their use as dna chips
 IN
        Melnyk, Oleg, Annoeulin, FRANCE
        Olivier, Christophe, Lille, FRANCE
        Ollivier, Nathalie, Lille, FRANCE
        Hot, David, Lille, FRANCE
        Huot, Ludovic, Villeneuve D'Ascq, FRANCE
Lemoine, Yves, Villeneuve D'Ascq, FRANCE
        Wolowczuk, Isabelle, Lille, FRANCE
        Huynh-Dinh, Tam, Paris, FRANCE
        Gouyette, Catherine, Vanves, FRANCE
        Gras-Masse, Helene, Merignies, FRANCE
PΤ
        US 2003162185
                         A1
                                 20030828
        US 2002-149249
ΑI
                           Α1
                                 20021010 (10)
        WO 2000-FR3427
                                 20001207
PRAI
        FR 1999-15392
                            19991207
        Utility
DТ
FS
        APPLICATION
        ALSTON & BIRD LLP, BANK OF AMERICA PLAZA, 101 SOUTH TRYON STREET, SUITE
LREP
        4000, CHARLOTTE, NC, 28280-4000
CLMN
        Number of Claims: 35
ECL
        Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
        9 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1900
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
        The invention concerns products comprising a support whereon are fixed
        nucleic acids and their preparation method and use as DNA support. The
        invention also concerns functionalised supports, oligonucleotides and
        DNA's modified in position 5' by a group selected in the group
        consisting of tartaric acid, serine, threonine, their derivatives and
        the \alpha\text{-}oxoaldehyde group, and the methods for preparing them. The
        invention further concerns a method for fixing a nucleic acid on a
        support.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     ANSWER 5 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN 2003:225726 USPATFULL
AN
TI
       Nucleic acid biosensor diagnostics
IN
       Krull, Ulrich J., Mississauga, CANADA
       Piunno, Paul A., Mississauga, CANADA
       Hudson, Robert H.E., London, CANADA
       Damha, Masad, St. Hubert, CANADA
       Uddin, Andre H., Georgetown, CANADA
PΙ
       US 2003157538
                           A1
                                20030821
ΑI
       US 2003-338787
                          A1
                                20030107 (10)
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-446222, filed on 16 Feb 2000, GRANTED,
RLI
       Pat. No. US 6503711 A 371 of International Ser. No. WO 1998-CA402, filed
       on 30 Apr 1998, UNKNOWN
PRAI
       CA 1997-2208165
                        19970618
       US 1997-50970P
                            19970619 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       GREENLEE WINNER AND SULLIVAN P C, 5370 MANHATTAN CIRCLE, SUITE 201,
LREP
       BOULDER, CO, 80303
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 30
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       44 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3259
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       A biosensor for direct analysis of nucleic acid hybridization by use of
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an optical fiber functionalized with nucleic acid molecules and fluorescence transduction is disclosed. Nucleic acid probes are immobilized onto the surface of optical fibers and undergo hybridization with complementary nucleic acids introduced into the local environment of the sensor. Hybridization events are detected by the use of fluorescent compounds which bind into nucleic acid hybrids. The invention finds uses in detection and screening of genetic disorders, viruses, and pathogenic microorganisms. Biotechnology applications include monitoring of gene cultures and gene expression and the effectiveness (e.g. dose-response) of gene therapy pharmaceuticals. The invention includes biosensor systems in which fluorescent molecules are connected to the immobilized nucleic acid molecules. The preferred method for immobilization of nucleic acids is by in-situ solid phase nucleic acid synthesis. Control of the refractive index of the immobilized nucleic acid is achieved by the support derivatization chemistry and the nucleic acid synthesis. The preferred optical fiber derivation yields a DNA coating of higher refractive index than the fiber core onto the fiber surface.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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L19 ANSWER 6 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN
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AN 2003:51127 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acid detection method employing

oligonucleotide probes affixed to particles and related compositions

IN Hauser, Brian, Campbell, CA, UNITED STATES

Baier, Joerg, Foster City, CA, UNITED STATES Drmanac, Radoje T., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003036084 A1 20030220

AI US 2002-200723 A1 20020722 (10)

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-83861, filed on 21 May 1998, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-959365, filed on 28 Oct 1997, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-947779, filed on 9 Oct 1997, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP MARSHALL, GERSTEIN & BORUN, 6300 SEARS TOWER, 233 SOUTH WACKER, CHICAGO, IL, 60606-6357

CLMN Number of Claims: 9

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 4785

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention relates to oligonucleotide probes attached to discrete particles wherein the particles can be grouped into a plurality of sets based on a physical property. A different probe is attached to the discrete particles of each set, and the identity of the probe is determined by identifying the discrete particles from their physical property. The physical property includes any that can be used to differentiate the discrete particles, and includes, for example, relative or absolute location, size, flourescence, radioactivity, electromagnetic charge, or absorbance, or label(s) may be attached to the particle such as a dye, a radionuclide, or an EML. The invention also relates to methods using the probes complexed with the discrete particles to analyze target nucleic acids.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:40541 USPATFULL

TI

```
IN
         Sosnowski, Ronald G., Coronado, CA, United States
         Butler, William F., Carlsbad, CA, United States
         Tu, Eugene, San Diego, CA, United States
         Nerenberg, Michael I., San Diego, CA, United States
         Heller, Michael J., Encinitas, CA, United States
Edman, Carl F., San Diego, CA, United States
 PΑ
         Nanogen, Inc., San Diego, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
 PΙ
         US 6518022
                              B1
                                   20030211
 ΑI
         US 1999-444539
                                   19991122 (9)
 RLI
         Continuation of Ser. No. US 1997-986065, filed on 5 Dec 1997, now
         patented, Pat. No. US 6051380 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
         1995-534454, filed on 27 Sep 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5849486
         Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-304657, filed on 9 Sep 1994,
         now patented, Pat. No. US 5632957 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
        1994-271882, filed on 7 Jul 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 6017696 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-146504, filed on 1 Nov 1993,
        now patented, Pat. No. US 5605662 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
         1996-708262, filed on 6 Sep 1996, now abandoned
 DТ
        Utility
 FS
        GRANTED
 EXNAM
        Primary Examiner: Marschel, Ardin H.
 LREP
        Lyon & Lyon LLP
CLMN
        Number of Claims: 9
ECL
        Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
        47 Drawing Figure(s); 26 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 4305
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
        A self-addressable, self-assembling microelectronic device is designed
AB
        and fabricated to actively carry out and control multi-step and
        multiplex molecular biological reactions in microscopic formats. These reactions include nucleic acid hybridizations, antibody/antigen
        reactions, diagnostics, and biopolymer synthesis. The device can be
        fabricated using both microlithographic and micro-machining techniques.
        The device can electronically control the transport and attachment of
        specific binding entities to specific microlocations. The specific
        binding entities include molecular biological molecules such as nucleic
        acids and polypeptides. The device can subsequently control the
        transport and reaction of analytes or reactants at the addressed
        specific microlocations. The device is able to concentrate analytes and
        reactants, remove non-specifically bound molecules, provide stringency
        control for DNA hybridization reactions, and improve the detection of
        analytes. The device can be electronically replicated.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L19
     ANSWER 8 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN
        2003:30235 USPATFULL
AN
        Detection of nucleic acid sequence differences using
TI
        the ligase detection reaction with addressable arrays
IN
        Barany, Francis, New York, NY, UNITED STATES
       Barany, George, Falcon Heights, MN, UNITED STATES
       Hammer, Robert P., Baton Rouge, LA, UNITED STATES
       Kempe, Maria, Lund, SWEDEN

Blok, Herman, Wemeldinge, NETHERLANDS

Zirvi, Monib, New York, NY, UNITED STATES
PT
       US 2003022182
                            A1
                                  20030130
AΤ
       US 2001-963698
                                  20010926 (9)
                           A1
       Division of Ser. No. US 1997-794851, filed on 4 Feb 1997, PENDING
RLI
PRAI
       US 1996-11359P
                         19960209 (60)
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Method for enhancing the hybridization efficiency of target

nucleic acids using a self-addressable, self-assembling microelectronic device

DТ Utility FS APPLICATION Michael L. Goldman, NIXON PEABODY LLP, Clinton Square, P.O. Box 31051, LREP Rochester, NY, 14603 Number of Claims: 147 CLMN ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 34 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 4224 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. The present invention describes a method for identifying one or more of AB a plurality of sequences differing by one or more single base changes, insertions, deletions, or translocations in a plurality of target nucleotide sequences. The method includes a ligation phase, a capture phase, and a detection phase. The ligation phase utilizes a ligation detection reaction between one oligonucleotide probe, which has a target sequence-specific portion and an addressable array-specific portion, and a second oligonucleotide probe, having a target sequence-specific portion and a detectable label. After the ligation phase, the capture phase is carried out by hybridizing the ligated oligonucleotide probes to a solid support with an array of immobilized capture oligonucleotides at least some of which are complementary to the addressable array-specific portion. Following completion of the capture phase, a detection phase is carried out to detect the labels of ligated oligonucleotide probes hybridized to the solid support. The ligation phase can be preceded by an amplification process. The present invention also relates to a kit for practicing this method, a method of forming arrays on solid supports, and the supports themselves. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. ANSWER 9 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN 2003:13207 USPATFULL ANTΤ Detection of nucleic acid sequence differences using the ligase detection reaction with addressable arrays Barany, Francis, 450 E. 63rd St., Apt. #12C, New York, NY, United States IN 10021 Gerry, Norman P., 308 E. 83 St. 1C, New York, NY, United States 10028 Witowski, Nancy E., 7224 Tara Rd., Edina, MN, United States 55439 Day, Joseph, 1147 Chess Dr., Foster City, CA, United States 94404 Hammer, Robert P., 4967 Tulane Dr., Baton Rouge, LA, United States Barany, George, 1813 Prior Ave. N., Falcon Heights, MN, United States 55113 PΙ US 6506594 20030114 ΑI US 2000-526992 20000316 (9) PRAI US 1999-125357P 19990319 (60) DT Utility FS GRANTED Primary Examiner: Whisenant, Ethan C.; Assistant Examiner: Lu, Frank W EXNAM Nixon Peabody LLP Number of Claims: 75 CLMN ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 88 Drawing Figure(s); 46 Drawing Page(s) DRWN LN.CNT 5007 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. The present invention describes a method for identifying one or more of a plurality of sequences differing by one or more single base changes, insertions, deletions, or translocations in a plurality of target nucleotide sequences. The ligation phase utilizes a ligation detection reaction between one oligonucleotide probe, which has a target sequence-specific portion and an addressable array-specific portion, and a second oligonucleotide probe, having a target sequence-specific

portion and a detectable label. After the ligation phase, the capture phase is carried out by hybridizing the ligated oligonucleotide probes to a solid support with an array of immobilized capture oligonucleotides at least some of which are complementary to the addressable array-specific portion. Following completion of the capture phase, a detection phase is carried out to detect the labels of ligated oligonucleotide probes hybridized to the solid support. The ligation phase can be preceded by an amplification process. The present invention also relates to a kit for practicing this method, a method of forming arrays on solid supports, and the supports themselves.

```
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
T.19
     ANSWER 10 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2003:6795 USPATFULL
TI
       Nucleic acid biosensor diagnostics
       Krull, Ulrich J., 1920 Sandown Rd., Mississauga Ontario, CANADA L5M 2Z8
TN
       Piunno, Paul A., 963 Lovingston Crescent, Mississauga Ontario, CANADA
       L4W 3V7
       Hudson, Robert H. E., 389 Dundas St., Apartment 507, London Ontario,
       CANADA N6B 3L5
       Damha, Masad, 3166 Pierre - Thomas Hurteau, St. Hubert Quebec, CANADA
       J3Y 8N9
       Uddin, Andre H., 3665 Adams Way, Suite 1608, Mississauga Ontario, CANADA
       L5A 4A3
PΤ
       US 6503711
                          В1
                               20030107
       WO 9858079 19981223
       US 2000-446222
                               20000216 (9)
       WO 1998-CA402
                               19980430
PRAI
       CA 1997-2208165
                           19970618
       US 1997-50970P
                           19970619 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Fredman, Jeffrey
LREP
       Greenlee, Winner and Sullivan, P.C.
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 61
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       50 Drawing Figure(s); 44 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 3538
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
      A biosensor for direct analysis of nucleic acid hybridazation by use of
AΒ
      an optical fiber functionalized with nucleic acid
      molecules and fluorescence transduction is disclosed. Nucleic
      acid probes are immobilized onto the surface of
      optical fibers and undergo hybridization with complementary nucleic
      acids introduced into the local environment of the sensor. Hybridization
      events are detected by the use of fluorescent compounds which bind into
      nucleic acid hybrids. The invention finds uses in detection and
      screening of genetic disorders, viruses, and pathogenic micoorganisms.
      Biotechnology applications include monitoring of gene cultures and gene
      expression and the effectiveness (e.g. dose-response) of gene therapy
      pharmaceuticals. The invention includes biosensor systems in which
      fluorescent molecules are connected to the immobilized
      nucleic acid molecules. The preferred method for
      immobilization of nucleic acids is by in
      situ solid phase nucleic acid
      synthesis. Control of the refractive index of the immobilized
      nucleic acid is achieved by the support derivatization
      chemistry and the nucleic acid synthesis. The preferred optical fiber
      derivation yields a DNA coating of higher refractive index than the
      fiber core onto the fiber surface.
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ΑN TТ

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. ANSWER 11 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN

```
2002:272800 USPATFULL Detection of nucleic acid sequence differences using
         the ligase detection reaction with addressable arrays
  TN
         Barany, Francis, New York, NY, UNITED STATES
         Barany, George, Falcon Heights, MN, UNITED STATES
         Hammer, Robert P., Baton Rouge, LA, UNITED STATES
         Kempe, Maria, Lund, SWEDEN
Blok, Herman, Wemeldinge, NETHERLANDS
Zirvi, Monib, New York, NY, UNITED STATES
 PТ
         US 2002150921
                             A1
                                    20021017
 ΑI
         US 2001-986527
                             A1
                                    20011109 (9)
         Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-794851, filed on 4 Feb 1997,
 RLI
         PENDING
 PRAI
         US 1996-11359P
                               19960209 (60)
 DT
         Utility
 FS
         APPLICATION
         Michael L. Goldman, NIXON PEABODY LLP, Clinton Square, P. O. Box 31051,
 LREP
         Rochester, NY, 14603
 CLMN
         Number of Claims: 37
 ECL
         Exemplary Claim: 1
 DRWN
         34 Drawing Page(s)
 LN.CNT 3441
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
         The present invention describes a method for identifying one or more of
         a plurality of sequences differing by one or more single base changes,
        insertions, deletions, or translocations in a plurality of target nucleotide sequences. The method includes a ligation phase, a capture
        phase, and a detection phase. The ligation phase utilizes a ligation
         detection reaction between one oligonucleotide probe, which has a target
        sequence-specific portion and an addressable array-specific portion, and
        a second oligonucleotide probe, having a target sequence-specific
        portion and a detectable label. After the ligation phase, the capture
        phase is carried out by hybridizing the ligated oligonucleotide probes
        to a solid support with an array of immobilized capture oligonucleotides
        at least some of which are complementary to the addressable
        array-specific portion. Following completion of the capture phase, a
        detection phase is carried out to detect the labels of ligated
        oligonucleotide probes hybridized to the solid support. The ligation
        phase can be preceded by an amplification process. The present invention
        also relates to a kit for practicing this method, a method of forming
        arrays on solid supports, and the supports themselves.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L19
     ANSWER 12 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN
AN
        2002:213696 USPATFULL
        Probe bound substrate, process for manufacturing same, probe array,
TI
        method of detecting target substance, method of specifying nucleotide
        sequence of single-stranded nucleic acid in sample,
        and quantitative determination of target substance in sample
       Okamoto, Tadashi, Yokohama-shi, JAPAN
Yamamoto, Nobuko, Isehara-shi, JAPAN
Suzuki, Tomohiro, Sagamihara-shi, JAPAN
IN
ΡI
        US 2002115072
                            A1
                                  20020822
        US 2003198952
                            Α9
                                  20031023
ΑI
       US 2001-764420
                            A1
                                  20010525 (9)
       JP 1999-19915
PRAI
                            19990128
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
```

LREP

```
FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY,
         10112
  CLMN
         Number of Claims: 59
  ECL
         Exemplary Claim: 1
  DRWN
         2 Drawing Page(s)
  LN.CNT 1128
  CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
         A probe bound substrate allowing us to quickly detect or quantify a
         target substance or sequence a target nucleic acid at a lower cost is
         provided. Specifically, there is provided a probe bound substrate in
        which a probe capable of specifically attaching to a target substance is
        bound at the first site on its surface, characterized in that a marker
         is bound at the second site where the first site may be specified.
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
 L19 ANSWER 13 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN
        2002:50773 USPATFULL
 TΤ
        Preparation of pools of nucleic acids based on
        representation in a sample
        Alfenito, Mark R., Redwood City, CA, United States
 IN
 PΑ
        Hyseq, Inc., Sunnyvale, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
 PΙ
        US 6355419
                           B1
                                 20020312
 ΑI
        US 1998-67317
                                 19980427 (9)
 ידים
        Utility
 FS
        GRANTED
 EXNAM
        Primary Examiner: Marschel, Ardin H.
 LREP
        Marshall, Gerstein & Borun
 CLMN
        Number of Claims: 10
        Exemplary Claim: 1
 DRWN
        0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)
 LN.CNT 5347
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
        The invention relates to methods for preparing nucleic acid pools useful
 AB
        in hybridization studies. Such methods allow hybridization conditions,
        such as time, temperature, ionic strength, etc., to be adjusted to
        increase the likelihood that hybridization to the nucleic acids within
        each pool is within the linear range of detection (i.e., detectable but
       not saturating). The methods rely on pooling nucleic acids derived from
       a sample, based on the degree of representation within the sample, i.e.,
       nucleic acids having similar degrees of representation within in a
       sample are combined into a pool. The invention also provides arrays and
       kits produced from pooled nucleic acids, and an improved method for
       identifying a nucleic acid and/or its representation in a sample.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L19
     ANSWER 14 OF 14 USPATFULL on STN
       2001:29713 USPATFULL
AN
ΤI
       Solid phase nucleic acid
       labeling by transamination
       Cruickshank, Kenneth A., Naperville, IL, United States
IN
       Vysis, Inc., Downers Grove, IL, United States (U.S. corporation)
PA
PΙ
       US 6194563
                          B1
                               20010227
       US 1999-277087
ΑI
                               19990326 (9)
DΥ
       Utility
FS
       Granted
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Riley, Jezia
LREP
       Galloway, Norval B.
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 27
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       No Drawings
```

09567863

LN.CNT 804

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention relates to a method for linking a detectable label to a nucleic acid by (1) providing a nucleic acid bound to a solid support, the nucleic acid having a cytidine base; (2) transaminating the cytidine base with a reactive group to form a covalent linkage between the cytidine base and the reactive group; and (3) linking a detectable label to the reactive group. The invention also includes compositions containing a labeled nucleic acid produced by the methods of the invention immobilized on a solid support, and a kit containing a solid support, a bisulfite, a reactive group, and a detectable label.